# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

EROL Faustino Rocha GARCIA Petitioner,

**JEFFREY SEARLS** 

in his official capacity as Officerin-Charge, Buffalo Federal Detention Facility.

Respondent.

VERIFIED PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. § 2241

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INTRODUCTION

1. My name is EROL GARCIA ("Petitioner").
2. Since I have entered the United States, I have been accorded the following immigration
status: <u>NO Stratus</u> .
3. I am currently being detained by the Department of Homeland Security ("DHS") at the
Buffalo Federal Detention Facility ("BFDF") in Batavia, New York. I have been in immigration
detention since August 16, 2024, for a period of approximately
6 months.
months.  4. On May 2, 2024, the Immigration Judge sustained charges of removability against me and ordered me removed to Honduras.
of removability against me and ordered me removed to Honduns.
5. I appealed my removal order to the Board of Immigration Appeals ("BIA"), and on
$\frac{N/A}{8}$ , the BIA denied my appeal.
6. I petitioned for review to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the A Circuit ("Circuit Court"), and on A the Circuit Court denied my petition
Court"), and on , the Circuit Court denied my petition
for review.
7. I am currently being detained by DHS pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) because: (1) I
have a final order of removal, and (2) because the ninety-day removal period has now elapsed.
8. Despite holding me in immigration detention for more than six months after receiving a
final order of removal, DHS has not been able to effectuate my removal. Given DHS's delay thus
far, there is no significant likelihood that I will be removed from the country in a reasonably
foreseeable time. See generally Zadvydas v. Davis, 533 U.S. 678 (2001).

9. Accordingly, I respectfully request that the Court use its authority under 28 U.S.C. §

2243 to order the Respondent to file an answer and return within three days, unless they can

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show good cause for additional time. See 28 U.S.C. § 2243 (stating that an order to show cause why a petition for a writ of habeas corpus should be denied "shall be returned within three days unless for good cause additional time, not exceeding twenty days, is allowed").

10. In order to permit full judicial review of the claims herein and requested relief, I also respectfully request that the Court order the Respondent not to transfer me outside the jurisdiction of this Court pending consideration of this Petition.

- 11. Petitioner, EROL GAVCIA, is detained at the Buffalo Federal Detention Facility.
- 12. Respondent Jeffrey Searls is sued in his official capacity as the Officer-in-Charge of the Buffalo Federal Detention Facility, at which Petitioner is currently detained.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 13. This Court has jurisdiction under the United States Constitution. U.S. CONST. art. I § 9, cl. 2. This Court also has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question), 28 U.S.C. § 2241 (habeas corpus), and 28 U.S.C. § 1651 (All Writs Act).
- 14. Additionally, this Court has jurisdiction to grant injunctive relief pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2202.
- 15. Venue is proper in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of New York because Petitioner is currently being detained at the Buffalo Federal Detention Facility in Batavia, New York, which is within the Western District. See 28 U.S.C. § 1391(e).

#### **EXHAUSTION OF REMEDIES**

16. There is no statutory exhaustion requirement for a petition challenging immigration detention. See Araujo-Cortes v. Shanahan, 35 F. Supp. 3d 533, 538 (S.D.N.Y. 2014).

17. I am not required to exhaust administrative avenues to challenge my detention because the statutory authority that permits my detention provides no administrative vehicle for doing so. See 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6); see also Cave v. East Meadow Union Free Sch. Dist., 514 F.3d 240, 249 (2d Cir. 2008) ("The exhaustion requirement is excused when exhaustion would be futile because the administrative procedures do not provide an adequate remedy.").

### **LEGAL ARGUMENT**

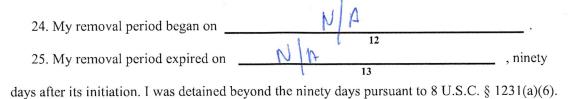
- 18. The Supreme Court has stated that "[f]reedom from . . . government custody [and] detention lies at the heart of the liberty that [the Due Process] Clause protects." Zadvydas, 533 U.S. at 690 (citing Foucha v. Louisiana, 504 U.S. 71, 80 (1992)). The Supreme Court further noted in Zadvydas that "[a] statute permitting indefinite detention of a [noncitizen] would raise a serious constitutional problem." Id. at 690.
- 19. The Due Process clause applies to all persons in the United States, "whether their presence here is lawful, unlawful, temporary, or permanent." *Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 693; *see also Plyler v. Doe*, 457 U.S. 202, 210 (1982) ("[Noncitizens], even [noncitizens] whose presence in this country is unlawful, have long been recognized as 'persons' guaranteed due process of law by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.").
- 20. Congress authorized the DHS to detain noncitizens during a statutorily defined "removal period," during which the Department may effectuate the noncitizen's removal from the United States. 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(1). The removal period typically lasts for ninety days and starts at the latest of: (1) the date an order of removal becomes administratively final; (2) if a removal order is judicially reviewed and a stay of removal has been ordered, the date of the court's final order; or (3) the date the noncitizen is released from any detention other than for immigration purposes. 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(1)(B).

21. Under 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(2), noncitizens subject to final orders of removal "shall" be detained during the first ninety days—the "removal period"—and they "shall" be removed during that period under § 1231(a)(1). Under 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6), however, the government "may" continue detention beyond the 90-day removal period if a noncitizen falls within certain broad categories of removability or is determined "to be a risk to the community or unlikely to comply with the order of removal." 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6).

22. The Supreme Court in Zadvydas, in order to avoid the serious due process concerns that would be presented by permitting detention for an indefinite period of time, construed 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) to authorize detention only where it is significantly likely that removal will occur in the reasonably foreseeable future. Zadvydas, 533 U.S. at 690. After a noncitizen meets his or her initial burden to show that no such likelihood of removal exists, the burden shifts to the Government to "respond with evidence sufficient to rebut [the noncitizen's] showing." Id. at 701.1

23. If a court finds removal is reasonably foreseeable, the court may still order release, and may consider the risk posed by the individual to community safety in determining whether to do so. *Id.* at 700. While dangerousness may justify immigrant detention in certain cases, the Court "uph[o]ld[s] preventive detention based on dangerousness only when limited to specially dangerous individuals and subject to strong procedural protections." *Id.* at 691.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To the extent Respondent claims otherwise, the Supreme Court's decision in Johnson v. Arteaga-Martinez has no application here. 142 S. Ct. 1827 (2022). Arteaga-Martinez merely held that, as a matter of statutory construction, 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) does not require bond hearings after six months of detention. Id. at 1833. Arteaga-Martinez does not reach the question of what due process requires under the Constitution, nor does it undermine the presumption affirmed in Zadvvdas that post-order detention becomes unreasonable after six months. Id. at 1834-35.



- 26. The DHS's persistent inability to effectuate my removal provides threshold evidence that there is not a significant likelihood of removal in the foreseeable future. *See Senor v. Barr*, 401 F. Supp. 3d 420, 430 (W.D.N.Y. 2019) (quoting *Singh v. Whitaker*, 362 F. Supp. 3d 93, 102-03 (W.D.N.Y. 2019)); *see also D'Alessandro v. Mukasey*, 628 F. Supp. 2d 368, 404 (W.D.N.Y. 2009) ("[T]he burden upon the [detained person] is not to demonstrate no reasonably foreseeable, significant likelihood of removal or show that his detention is indefinite[.] . . . Rather, . . . the [detained person] need only provide good reason to believe that removal is not significantly likely in the reasonably foreseeable future.") (quoting parties' briefing in the case) (internal quotation marks omitted).
- 27. Accordingly, unless the Respondent can supply sufficient evidence to the contrary, they should now release me from their custody because my "continued detention [has become] unreasonable and [is] no longer authorized by statute." *Zadvydas*, 533 U.S. at 699-700.
- 28. Even if the court determines that removal is reasonably foreseeable, this court should order my release because I am not a danger to the community. *Id.* at 700.

### **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### **COUNT ONE:**

# PETITIONER'S PROLONGED DETENTION VIOLATES THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

29. I reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

- 30. Noncitizens who have been detained by DHS pursuant to its statutory authority under 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a) for over six months must be released from custody if there is no significant likelihood that they will be removed in the reasonably foreseeable future.
- 31. Continuing to detain me under 8 U.S.C. § 1231(a)(6) while there is no significant likelihood of my removal in the reasonably foreseeable future deprives me of my "strong interest in liberty," and therefore violates the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution. U.S. v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739, 750 (1987). It further poses actual and substantial hardships and irreparable injuries to me.
- 32. I have no adequate remedy at law other than the instant petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, I pray that this Court grants the following relief:

- 1. Assume jurisdiction of this matter;
- 2. Use its authority under 28 U.S.C. § 2243 to:
  - i. Order the Respondent to file an Answer and Return within 3 days of the filing of the petition, unless they can show good cause for additional time;
  - Order Petitioner's Reply be filed 15 days after the Court sets the deadline for ii. Respondent's Answer and Return;
  - Order the Respondent not to transfer Petitioner outside the Western District of iii. New York during the pendency of this Petition;
- 3. Issue a writ of habeas corpus ordering the Respondent to immediately release Petitioner with reasonable terms of supervised release; and
  - 4. Grant any further relief that this Court deems just and proper.

I affirm, under penalty of perjury, that I am the petitioner, I have read this petition or had it read to me, and the information in this petition is true and correct.

Respectfully submitted,

**Buffalo Federal Detention Facility** 4250 Federal Drive Batavia, New York 14020

Batavia, NY

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Located at the following address:

Kenneth B. Keating Federal Building 100 State Street, room 2120 Rochester, New York 14614

Sworn to before me this 5

day of March, 2025.

Notary Public

Respectfully Submitted,

Enot Garcia Pro-se
Buffalo Federal Detention Facility
4250 Federal Drive

Batavia, NY 1402

Aaron A. Stahl
Notary Public, State of New York
Reg. No. 01ST0013537
Qualified in Orleans County
Commission Expires September 14, 2027

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

のいしている 2x3794766 I. A# , hereby depose and say, that on February28,2025. I
I,A#, hereby depose and say, that on February <u>22</u> ,2025. I
enclosed inside a United States Postal service Box/ Envelope, sent a true and
certified copy Motion To Proceed in Forma Pauperis. Statement Pursuant to 28
U.S.C & 1746, i Declare, under the penalty of Perjury under the laws of the United
States of America, and handed the following documents to the authority of Buffalo
Federal detention facility (BFDF) staff for mail and delivery. The foregoing is true
and correct to the other party.

Located at the following address:

Kenneth B. Keating Federal Building 100 State Street, room 2120 Rochester, New York 14614

Aaron A. Stahl
Notary Public, State of New York
Reg. No. 01ST0013537
Qualified in Orleans County
Commission Expires September 14, 2027

Sworn to before me this 5

day of *March*, 20<u>25</u>.

Notary Public

Respectfully Submitted,

Enlight Grant Carrier Pro-se
Buffalo Federal Detention Facility
4250 Federal Drive

Batavia, NY 1402

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Located at the following address:

Kenneth B. Keating Federal Building 100 State Street Rochester, New York 14614

Sworn to before me this 5

day of March, 2025.

Notary

Respectfully Submitted,

Elul GAVICE Pro-se

Buffalo Federal Detention Facility

4250 Federal Drive Batavia, NY 1402

Aaron A. Stani Notary Public, State of New York Reg. No. 01ST0013537 Qualified in Orleans County Commission Expires September 14, 2027

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SJS 44 (Rev. 12/07)

### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS  EROL GARCIA - Rocha			DEFENDANTS  Jeffrey Searls in his official capacity as Officer-in-Charge of the Buffalo Federal Detention Facility				
						(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Genesee County	
(E	EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES			
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(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	e, Address, and Telephone Number)		Attorneys (If Known)				
Pro Se			~				
II. BASIS OF JURISI	DICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)			RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
☐ 1 U.S. Government	→ 3 Federal Question	1 '	(For Diversity Cases Only)	F DEF	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF		
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☐ 120 Marine	☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 362 Personal Injury	- 🗆 62	0 Other Food & Drug	☐ 423 Withdrawal	☐ 410 Antitrust		
☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	☐ 315 Airplane Product Med. Malpractic Liability ☐ 365 Personal Injury		5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	28 USC 157	☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce		
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel & Product Liability	y 🗆 63	0 Liquor Laws	PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 460 Deportation		
☐ 151 Medicare Act	Slander		0 R.R. & Truck 0 Airline Regs.	☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent	☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations		
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	Liability Liability  340 Marine PERSONAL PROPER		0 Occupational Safety/Health	☐ 840 Trademark	☐ 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV		
(Excl. Veterans)	☐ 345 Marine Product ☐ 370 Other Fraud	□ 69	0 Other	r.	☐ 810 Selective Service		
<ul> <li>153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</li> </ul>	Liability		LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL SECURITY  861 HIA (1395ff)	☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange		
□ 160 Stockholders' Suits	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Property Damage		Act	☐ 862 Black Lung (923)	☐ 875 Customer Challenge		
<ul> <li>☐ 190 Other Contract</li> <li>☐ 195 Contract Product Liability</li> </ul>	Product Liability		0 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 0 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting	☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) ☐ 864 SSID Title XVI	12 USC 3410 ☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions		
☐ 196 Franchise  REAL PROPERTY	Injury  CIVIL RIGHTS PRISONER PETITION	NS   74	& Disclosure Act 0 Railway Labor Act	☐ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS	□ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 892 Economic Stabilization Act		
☐ 210 Land Condemnation	☐ 441 Voting ☐ 510 Motions to Vacat	te 🗆 790	0 Other Labor Litigation	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	☐ 893 Environmental Matters		
☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 442 Employment Sentence ☐ 443 Housing/ Habeas Corpus:	79	1 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party	☐ 894 Energy Allocation Act ☐ 895 Freedom of Information		
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